FOOD & NUTRITION TRENDS FOR EDUCATION & HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

FOOD IS MEDICINE

KEY LIFE STAGES FOR NUTRITION INTERVENTIONS

ECONOMIC UNCERTAINTY IMPACTS FUNDING

CA DAIRIES LEAD SUSTAINABILITY EFFORTS

Dairy Council of California[®]

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Dairy Council of California[®]

Dairy Council of California is a nutrition organization working together with champions to elevate the health of children and communities through lifelong healthy eating patterns. Focusing on education and advocacy, dairy ag literacy and collaboration, we advance the health benefits of milk and dairy foods as part of the solution to achieving nutrition security and sustainable food systems.

The Dairy Council of California Trends team meets three times per year to identify emerging nutrition and education trends based on a thorough analysis of data collected from scholarly journals, industry publications, news media and more. This publication outlines the top trends identified in the most recent meeting.

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Environmental Factors Continue to Impact Nutrition Security

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In today's rapidly changing world, people are reflecting more often on the food choices they make and how those choices impact the world around them. There is passion for food, particularly in younger generations, who share images that express their values and identity to followers on social media.¹ Many people are choosing foods for their perceived long-term impact on health and the environment rather than relying on quick fixes.² On the other hand, lack of nutrition security³ remains a critical issue across the United States, disproportionately impacting Black and Latino households,⁴ as well as other groups, including young adults.⁵⁶

Underscoring food choices and climate change are conversations about diversity, equity and inclusion. Latino Americans currently comprise 55.9% of the public elementary and secondary school population in California.⁷ Shifting demographics throughout California and the United States create a need to consider unique cultural food preferences and nutritional needs, which will require collaboration and bringing broad perspectives to the table.

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^{2.} Des Jardins S. "Plant-based" has not peaked, but rather grown into a lifestyle. SmartBrief website. https://corp.smartbrief.com/original/2022/12/plant-basedhas-not-peaked-but-rather-grown-into-a-lifestyle. Published December 12, 2022. Accessed February 15, 2023.

^{3.} Mozaffarian D, Fleischhacker S, Andres JR. Prioritizing nutrition security in the US. JAMA. 2021;325(16):1605-1606. DOI:10.1001/jama.2021.1915

Fortunately, there is more momentum for improving population health than ever before and opportunity to come together to create lasting change. The 2022 White House Conference on Hunger, Nutrition, and Health convened in September for the first time in over 50 years and resulted in a federal strategy that outlines specific priorities to end hunger, improve nutrition and physical activity and reduce disparities surrounding them.⁸ Promoting equitable access to nutritious food, including milk and dairy, requires long-term investment at all levels.

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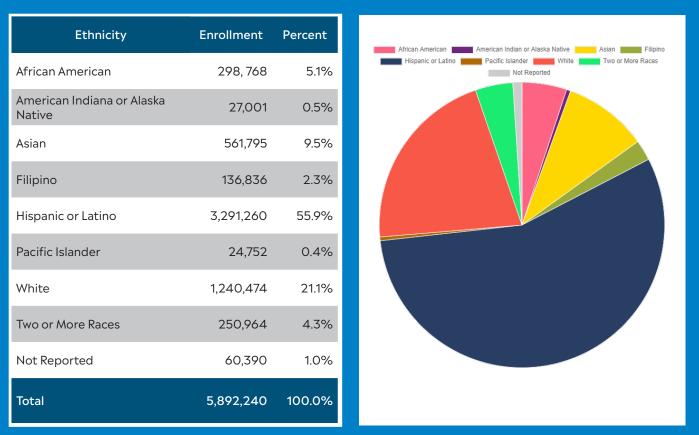


Table 1: California School Enrollment Race and Ethnicity Demographics

Source: https://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/dqcensus/EnrEthGrd.aspx?cds=00&agglevel=state&year=2021-22

4. US Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service. USDA Actions on Nutrition Security. https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/usda-actions-nutrition-security.pdf. Published March 2022. Accessed February 22, 2023.

5. Mitchell A, Ellison B, Bruening M. Persistent and episodic food insecurity and associated coping strategies among college students. J Nutr Educ Behav. 2022;54(11):972-981. DOI:10.1016/j.jneb.2022.06.003

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Trend 1: "Food is medicine" is increasingly viewed as a solution to improving health.

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Source: Gary Reyes/Bay Area News Group



Source: Novant Health Regional Medical Center

"Food is medicine" programs, which aim to make a connection between diet and disease treatment, management and prevention, typically focus on three areas of service: medically tailored meals, medically tailored food packages and produce prescription programs.⁹ These programs aim to sustain health, prevent disease and be therapeutic for those with health conditions or situations that are impacted by changes to the diet.¹⁰ Researchers from Tufts University determined that medically tailored meals could prevent 1.6 million hospitalizations and save insurers \$13.6 billion if implemented across the United States.¹¹ "Food is medicine" programs are evolving from community pilots to public health programs. More funding and grants are becoming available to establish them, especially from the federal government, including a \$59.4 million investment in produce prescription and nutrition incentive programs¹² and the recent announcement that Medicaid benefits may soon be spent on certain food programs.¹³

"Food is medicine" as a health solution is moving to the mainstream conversation, engaging food policy advocates, health professionals and consumers.

 9. Harvard Law School, Center for Health Law and Policy Innovation. Food is Medicine: Peer-Reviewed Research in the US. https://chlpi.org/wp-content/ uploads/2013/12/Food-is-Medicine_Peer-Reviewed-Research-in-the-U.S.1.pdf. Published December 2020. Accessed February 15, 2023.
 10. Food as Medicine. Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics Foundation website. https://www.eatrightfoundation.org/resources/food-as-medicine#definition. Accessed February 15, 2023.

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13. Armour S, Peterson K. US begins allowing Medicaid money to be spent on food. Wall Street Journal website. https://www.wsj.com/articles/u-s-begins-allowing-medicaid-money-to-be-spent-on-food-62f78cac. Published February 13, 2023. Accessed February 22, 2023.

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This focus is due, in part, to the 2022 White House Conference on Hunger, Nutrition, and Health, which shared commitments of cross-sector funding to work toward a goal of improving health and nutrition security, with "food is medicine" highlighted as a key strategy. Among



the private and public sector commitments to "food is medicine" is one from the Rockefeller Foundation and the American Heart Association to mobilize \$250 million

to build a national Food is Medicine Research Initiative.¹⁴ This initiative aims to increase understanding and use of "food is medicine" programs and make them an integral part of the health care system.

On an individual level, consumers see nutrition as a solution to both physical and mental health challenges. There is also a growing demand for foods with health properties beyond basic nutrition, whether those claims are backed by science or not. In one survey, 84% of those polled consider health and wellness as a key factor when buying fresh food, citing benefits such as weight and chronic disease management, disease prevention, immunity building, improved mental health and cognitive performance.¹⁵ The Kroger Company, the largest supermarket operator by revenue in the United States, is responding to consumer interest through its Food as Medicine platform that features telenutrition with registered dietitian nutritionists and curated food boxes.¹⁶ Health and wellness were prominent trends prior to the onset of COVID-19 but living in a pandemic era brought consumer interest in health-promoting foods to the forefront.¹⁷

!) Implications

"Food is medicine" programs are rising to the top of solutions, but the long-term impact and feasibility of scaling these programs is not yet known. Professional development to train, educate and support health professionals and educators on the front lines of implementing interventions will be crucial. While many consumers are selecting functional foods, it's important to remember that underserved communities do not have the same access to such foods. Nutrition education efforts should be broad in focus with emphasis on high-quality, culturally relevant and accessible foods that align with current guidelines and promote improved access for all.

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^{14.} The White House. Fact sheet: the Biden-Harris administration announces more than \$8 billion in new commitments as part of call to action for White House Conference on Hunger, Nutrition, and Health. https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/statements-releases/2022/09/28/fact-sheet-the-biden-harris-administration-announces-more-than-8-billion-in-new-commitments-as-part-of-call-to-action-for-white-house-conference-on-hunger-nutrition-and-health. Published September 28, 2022. Accessed February 15, 2023.

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^{16.} Food as Medicine. Kroger Health website. https://www.krogerhealth.com/food-as-medicine. Accessed February 15, 2023.

^{17.} Brewster E. Outlook 2023: consumer trends. Institute of Food Technologists website. https://www.ift.org/news-and-publications/food-technology-magazine/ issues/2022/december/features/f1-outlook-2023-consumer-trends. Published December 1, 2022. Accessed February 15, 2023.

Trend 2: Pregnancy, early childhood and older adulthood are key life stages for nutrition interventions that include nutrient-dense dairy foods.

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Proper nutrition during the earliest stages of life supports a foundation for lifelong health and success.¹⁸ In fact, investing in women and children's well-being during the first 1000 days of life keeps countries from losing billions of dollars related to lower economic productivity and higher health care costs.¹⁹ Researchers are also beginning to understand the impact of nutritious diets during pregnancy and early childhood on mental health later in life, where it is positively associated with attributes such as conscientiousness and imagination.²⁰ As science continues to uncover the unique nutritional needs during early life stages, dietary recommendations to best achieve nutrition security during this critical window of time are a growing priority. The recent announcement of the 2025 Dietary Guidelines Advisory Committee members reinforced this fact, with almost one-third having expertise in maternal, infant and/or childhood nutrition.²¹

During pregnancy, the inclusion of milk and yogurt in a person's diet provides iodine and choline, two important nutrients that support neurocognitive growth and development.^{22 23} Federal nutrition assistance programs provide a safety net to fill in key nutrient gaps and support healthy growth and development for children. With increased efforts to achieve nutrition security by the White House, USDA's Food and Nutrition Service recently announced proposed changes to the foods prescribed to participants in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children, known as WIC. More than 6 million lowincome mothers and children rely on WIC for consistent and equitable access to healthy, safe and affordable foods and



beverages. Dairy products like milk, yogurt and cheese play a central role in the WIC program, as well as other federal nutrition assistance programs, ensuring participants get 13 essential nutrients—including calcium, vitamin D and potassium, three of the four nutrients of public health concern as noted by the Dietary Guidelines for Americans. Closing nutrient shortfalls is critical, as a recent survey highlighted that cases of suboptimal intake of vitamin D in children rose 15-fold from 2008 to 2014.²⁴

On the opposite end of the life span is older adulthood, a stage that is garnering more attention as the population of aging adults will continue to grow. In California, the over-60 population is expected to diversify and grow faster than any other age group; by 2030, older adults will comprise one-quarter of the state's population.²⁵ Aging adults have unique nutritional needs that are critical for different health and cognitive outcomes,²⁶ as well as a desire for quality of life during aging. Prevention and management of chronic diseases continues to be a key focus of public health efforts to support the well-being of the aging population.

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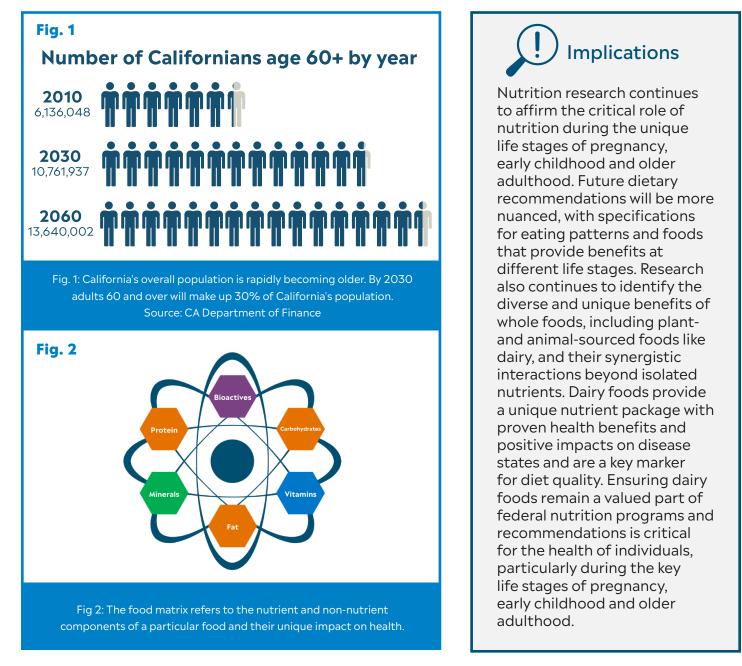
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 ^{22.} Velasco I, Bath SC, Rayman MP. Iodine as essential nutrient during the first 1000 days of life. Nutrients. 2018;10(3):290. DOI:10.3390/nu10030290
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Science reinforces that it is never too late to adopt healthy eating patterns, which include nutrientdense dairy foods. For example, milk and yogurt reduce risk for overweight or obesity; low-fat dairy and milk reduce risk for hypertension; and yogurt reduces risk for type 2 diabetes.²⁷ Another study found that those with low milk consumption were able to increase glutathione, an antioxidant responsible for reducing oxidative stress in the brain, by increasing milk consumption to the recommended three servings per day. Milk consumption could be a simple and safe option to improve brain health as people age.²⁸ Yogurt consumption may also play a role in preventing frailty, a syndrome characterized by deficits in normal function throughout the body,²⁹ and dairy proteins may have a beneficial effect on muscle mass in older adults.³⁰

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Trend 3: Economic uncertainty and unpredictability impacts consumers, the workforce and dependability of supportive funding.

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The current economic environment is placing pressure on everyone—from individuals to institutions. At home, consumers are responding to rising food costs by changing their shopping behavior to get more value for their money, including buying more food in bulk, adjusting the quantities purchased and opting for less expensive brands or private labels.¹⁷ Restaurants are navigating labor, inflation and supply chain issues by being creative with off-premises opportunities—such as delivery and curbside pickup—menu innovation and digital ordering to help increase revenue.³¹



Ongoing fallout from the pandemic and economic instability

are also leading to workforce disruptions, particularly for the education and medical professions. A teacher shortage, which made national headlines, struck most school districts in California to varying degrees. Districts with a larger number of high-needs students have felt the impact of the shortages more severely, while those that had already struggled to fill vacancies have found innovative ways to hire and retain teachers, such as paying bonuses and offering student loan forgiveness.³² In health care, nearly 334,000 physicians, nurse practitioners, physician assistants and other clinicians left the workforce in 2021 due to retirement, burnout and pandemic-related stressors.³³





Source: Jerry Holt/Star Tribune via AP

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At an institutional level, super-funding for schools is supporting student well-being. In addition to funding its universal school meal program, California allocated \$54 million to supplement state meal reimbursements to districts, \$600 million for a grant program to upgrade school kitchens, and \$100 million for a grant program to promote best practices for food procurement such as buying California-grown produce and providing alternative options for students with dietary restrictions.³⁴ Governor Newsom's Master Plan for Kids' Mental Health includes a \$4.1 billion investment in a community schools strategy to connect kids and families to essential services, including health screenings.³⁵ With the uncertainty of the current economic environment, there is concern that increased funding is not sustainable and that budget cuts may start to impact important programming intended to improve child health outcomes. The termination of emergency Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program benefits put in place during the COVID-19 pandemic is an example of these potential changes.³⁶



Implications

Economic uncertainty and unpredictability are evidenced through inflation, staffing shortages and budget cuts, all of which are converging with the progress made in federal and state funding for nutrition assistance during the pandemic. With fears of a recession

looming, long-term funding for federal and state programs that improve nutrition security and increase access to services is far from certain. Despite challenges, there is an opportunity to build on momentum and advocate for continued funding by utilizing data that demonstrates the health, academic and economic benefits of these programs. As consumers grapple with change and uncertainty, nutrition education can help guide healthier eating choices at home, at school and in restaurants to support overall health and well-being.

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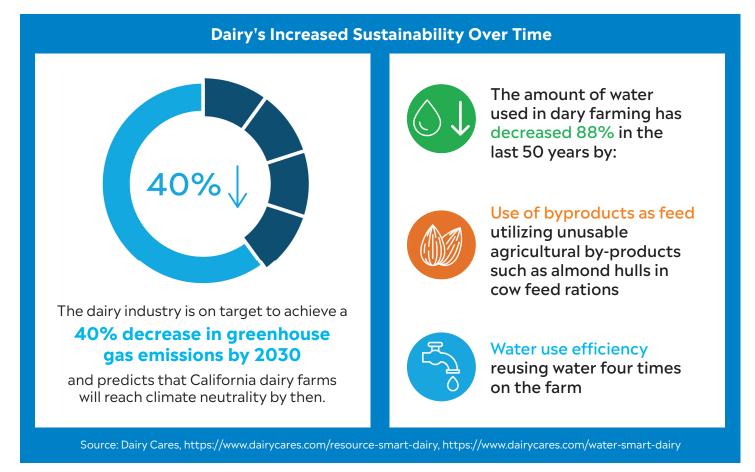
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Trend 4: California dairies build on history of progress toward achieving healthy, sustainable food systems amid increased focus on the plant-based movement as the solution to climate crisis.

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With increasing efforts to build healthy, sustainable food systems, the California dairy industry is one example in agriculture that is making significant strides to innovate climate-smart farming practices while providing nutritious, locally produced foods for communities. A report from University of California, Davis concludes that the dairy industry is on target to achieve its commitment to a 40% decrease in greenhouse gas emissions by 2030 and predicts that California dairy farms will reach climate neutrality by then.³⁷ These successes are a result of energy-efficient lighting, cooling and pumping methods; solar energy; and investments in anaerobic digesters to capture and convert methane in manure to biogas for clean energy. The amount of water used in dairy farming has decreased 88% in the last 50 years by utilizing unusable agricultural by-products such as almond hulls in cow feed rations and reusing water four times on the farm. New programs are also using manure to improve soil quality across California's diverse agricultural sectors.³⁸



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While California's dairy industry is a leader in sustainability efforts, implementing environmentally friendly farming practices, dairy's role in local sustainable nutrition efforts is often overshadowed by advocacy for plant-exclusive dietary patterns as a solution to improve individual and planetary health. Despite a perceived widespread value for plant-exclusive meals, particularly in the school environment,³⁹ most people are choosing both plant- and animal-sourced foods. For example, a 2022 survey by the Vegetarian Resource Group found that only 6% of Americans are vegetarian or vegan.⁴⁰



Making the connection between the food people eat and how it impacts health, environmental, social and economic factors is important for creating lasting and effective solutions. To this end, California is investing in farm to school programs to improve dietary patterns and build value for local, sustainable food systems.⁴¹ These efforts have the potential to improve access to local foods, promote sustainable nutrition and expand agriculture education that encompasses California's diverse range of plant- and animal-sourced foods.



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Implications

California's dairy industry is leading the way in climate-smart farming practices. These advances, combined with investments in farm to school programming, provide an opportunity to promote nutrition security, support healthy communities and elevate sustainable nutrition. Farm tours and professional development opportunities can equip school foodservice and health professionals with comprehensive nutrition and agriculture literacy to inform children and families in their communities.

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> Fortunately, there is more momentum for improving population health than ever before and opportunity to come together to create lasting change.

[PG 3 ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS CONTINUE TO IMPACT NUTRITION SECURITY]

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